AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

(Currently Amended) An anchorage for at least one pre-tensioned or stressed tensile element, the anchorage comprising: having:

one or more wedges <u>having a first region near a load and a second region</u> remote from the load:

an anchor body, wherein a tensile force is transmittable to the anchor body by means of the one or more wedges; and

wherein the one or more wedges have a wedge shape to slide along an inclined surface of the anchor body to force the one or more wedges against the at least one pre-tensioned or stressed tensile element, the one or more wedges comprising:

a <u>first</u> wedge-shaped layer <u>adjacent a second wedge-shaped layer</u>, the <u>first wedge-shaped</u> having a modulus of elasticity that is lower compared to the modulus of elasticity of other parts of the anchorage <u>including the second wedge-shaped layer</u>, <u>wherein a whereby the</u> greatest thickness of the <u>first</u> wedge-shaped layer, measured normal to the longitudinal axis of the tensile element, lies in the region of the anchorage which is near the <u>a load</u>, <u>wherein the first wedge-shaped layer lowers a stiffness of the one or more wedges in the first region near the load to more evenly distribute contact pressure on a contact area between the at least one pretensioned or stressed tensile element and the one or more wedges.</u>

at least one of the wedge and the anchor body is formed by at least two adjacent wedge-shaped layers, with at least one of the wedge-shaped layers being formed from a material having a lower modulus of elasticity than the material from which another layer or layers of the wedge

and/or of the anchor body are formed, and the greatest thickness of said at least one of the wedge-shaped layers is provided in the region near the lead.

- (Previously Presented) The anchorage according to claim 1, further characterized in that pores, holes notches or slots are arranged in the layer formed from the material having a lower modulus of elasticity to reduce the stiffness thereof in a direction normal to the longitudinal axis of the tensile element.
- 3. (Previously Presented) The anchorage according to claim 1, further characterized in that the different moduli of elasticity of the layers are caused during their manufacture by means of specific treatments such a heating process or a cooling process.
- 4. (Previously Presented) The anchorage according to claim 1, further characterized in that the anchor body as a coupling for two tensile elements is provided with seats for wedges, the seats being oriented opposite to each other.
- 5. (Previously Presented) The anchorage according to claim 1, further characterized in that the layer formed from the material having a lower modulus of elasticity is connected to an adjacent layer having a higher modulus of elasticity via a non-positive or a positive connection.
- (Previously Presented) The anchorage according to claim 1, further characterized in that a transmission of shearing force between the wedge and the tensile element is ensured by a non-positive connection or by form closure.
- (Previously Presented) The anchorage according to claim 1, further characterized in that the ratio of the lower modulus of elasticity to the higher modulus of elasticity is at least 1:2.

- 8. **(Previously Presented)** The anchorage according to claim 1, further characterized in that the wedge-shaped layer having a lower modulus of elasticity is
- 9. (Previously Presented) The anchorage according to claim 1, further characterized in that at least one of the wedge and the anchor body is formed from a material having the higher modulus of elasticity and is provided with filling materials that result in the higher modulus of elasticity.
- 10. **(Previously Presented)** The anchorage according to claim 5, wherein said non-positive or positive connection comprises:

a profile with a counterprofile; or adhesive bonding.

11. **(Previously Presented)** The anchorage according to claim 6, wherein said non-positive connection or form closure comprises:

friction:

adhesive bonding; or the shaping of a profile.

- 12. **(Previously Presented)** The anchorage according to claim 7, wherein the ratio is at least 1:10.
- 13. **(Previously Presented)** The anchorage according to claim 12, wherein the ratio is in a range from 1:20 to 1:30.
- 14. **(Previously Presented)** The anchorage according to claim 11, wherein the filling materials are formed from A1₂O₃.

15. **(New)** An anchorage for at least one pre-tensioned or stressed tensile element, the anchorage comprising:

an anchor body:

a first wedge-shaped layer having a wedge shape;

a second wedge-shaped layer adjacent the first wedge-shaped layer and having a wedge shape, the first and second wedge-shaped layers having a first regions near a load and a second region remote from the load:

wherein a tensile force is transmittable to the anchor body by means of the first and second wedge shaped layers:

wherein the first and second wedge-shaped layers and the anchor body include an inclined surface to force the first and second wedge shaped layers against the at least one pre-tensioned or stressed tensile element, wherein the first wedge-shaped has a modulus of elasticity that is lower compared to the modulus of elasticity of other parts of the anchorage including the second wedge-shaped layer, wherein a greatest thickness of the first wedge-shaped layer, measured normal to the longitudinal axis of the tensile element, lies in the first region of the anchorage which is near the load and wherein a total thickness of the first and second wedge-shaped layers is smallest in the first region of the anchorage which is near the load.

- 16. **(New)** The anchorage according to claim 15, wherein the first and second wedge-shaped layers form a wedge and the inclined surface is between the wedge and the anchor body.
- 17. **(New)** The anchorage according to claim 15, wherein the first wedge-shaped layer is part of the anchor body and the inclined surface is formed between the first and second wedge shaped layers.